# MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers 

## 0610 BIOLOGY

0610/52
Paper 52 (Practical Test), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

- CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

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## General notes

Symbols used in mark scheme and guidance notes.
/ separates alternatives for a marking point
; separates points for the award of a mark
A accept - as a correct response
$\mathrm{R} \quad$ reject - this is marked with a cross and any following correct statements do not gain any marks

I ignore/irrelevant/inadequate - this response gains no mark, but any following correct answers can gain marks.
( ) the word/phrase in brackets is not required to gain marks but sets context of response for credit. e.g. (waxy) cuticle. Waxy not needed but if it was described as a cellulose cuticle then no mark.

Small underlined words - this word only/must be spelled correctly
ref./refs. answer makes appropriate reference to
AVP additional valid point (e.g. in additional guidance)


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| (ii) | It / they = human <br> (my) teeth / canines / incisors are smaller (in relation to the skull); <br> (my) teeth / canines are less pointed / flatter; <br> (my teeth) are all of similar / same + length; <br> (my teeth) do not have gaps between them; | [max 2] | A converse <br> A fangs / fang like for canines <br> I sharp /blunt <br> A ref. to dog having carnassial teeth <br> I more canines in dog <br> I I have more incisors than dog <br> I size of molars |
| (c) (i) | 1. Safety - one from: <br> clothes covered / overall / apron / hair tied back / goggles or glasses worn / water bath for heating test-tubes / use of test tube holders; <br> Procedure <br> 2. S1 and S2 into each of two test- tubes; <br> 3. add water; <br> 4. add Benedict's solution; <br> 5. heat; <br> 6. Expected outcome - colour change from initial to final colour; <br> Equivalents for comparison - one out of: <br> 7. same volume for 2., 3., 4., / heat for the same time / comparison of colour intensity / time taken to change; | [max 5] | Max 3 for procedure + one mark for safety + one mark for comparison. <br> $\mathbf{R}$ ref. to warm water <br> A repeat with S2 |
| (ii) | Procedure <br> 1. leaves on tile; <br> 2. iodine solution added to each; <br> 3. expected colour change from initial to final colour; <br> Equivalents for comparison <br> 4. same volume / mass for 1. 2. / colour intensity; | [max 2] | A 'drops of iodine' for iodine solution <br> R'amount' |



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| (iii) | whole squares covered by leaf plus part squares added together / whole squares uncovered by leaf plus part squares uncovered and total taken from 100 in grid; leaf area + units; | [max 2] | Credit workable method <br> $\mathbf{R}$ area without units |
| (b) (i) | Measured length from 2 (a) (iii) is in the table; lengths of 10 leaves entered; measurements in mm; | [3] | Measure the length of leaf in 2 (a) (iii) |
| (ii) | bar chart; <br> A axes and orientation <br> S scale; if bar chart <br> P accurate columns;; | [5] | Line graph - accept $\mathbf{A}$ and $\mathbf{S}$ marks only $x$ axis - position of leaf / leaf number from base; y axis - length of leaf blade in mm ; credit if more than half the grid used. <br> All correct - 2 marks One incorrect - 1 mark |
| (iii) | Comment on position of largest / smallest leaf; Trend / pattern / relationship described e.g. leaves near the base are larger / no pattern / irregular; AVP ref. to age / stage of development / shading / for max. light / photosynthesis; | [3] | Look at the graph first as some may be irregular. <br> Biological 'reason' |

