

GCE

Chemistry A

H032/01: Breadth in chemistry

Advanced Subsidiary GCE

Mark Scheme for November 2020

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA) is a leading UK awarding body, providing a wide range of qualifications to meet the needs of candidates of all ages and abilities. OCR qualifications include AS/A Levels, Diplomas, GCSEs, Cambridge Nationals, Cambridge Technicals, Functional Skills, Key Skills, Entry Level qualifications, NVQs and vocational qualifications in areas such as IT, business, languages, teaching/training, administration and secretarial skills.

It is also responsible for developing new specifications to meet national requirements and the needs of students and teachers. OCR is a not-for-profit organisation; any surplus made is invested back into the establishment to help towards the development of qualifications and support, which keep pace with the changing needs of today's society.















This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

© OCR 2020

Annotations

Annotation	Meaning
	Correct response
	Incorrect response
	Omission mark
	Benefit of doubt given
	Contradiction
	Rounding error
	Error in number of significant figures
	Error carried forward
	Level 1
	Level 2
	Level 3
	Benefit of doubt not given
	Noted but no credit given
	Ignore

Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme (to include abbreviations and subject-specific conventions).

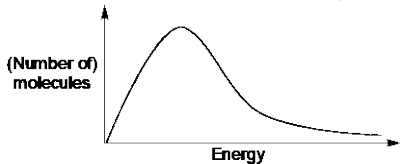
Annotation	Meaning
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
—	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

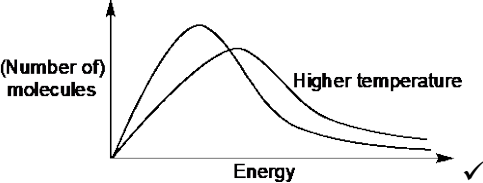
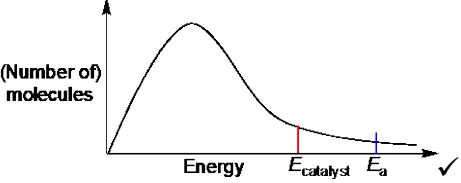
SECTION A

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
1	C	1	1.2	
2	C	1	1.2	
3	B	1	1.1	
4	A	1	1.1	
5	A	1	2.1	
6	A	1	1.2	
7	B	1	1.2	
8	C	1	1.2	ALLOW 4
9	A	1	2.2	
10	B	1	2.6	
11	C	1	2.6	
12	D	1	1.1	
13	B	1	1.2	ALLOW 0.054(0)
14	A	1	1.2	
15	C	1	1.1	
16	C	1	1.1	
17	A	1	1.2	
18	C	1	2.8	ALLOW 36.7
19	B	1	1.2	
20	C	1	2.6	
	Total	20		

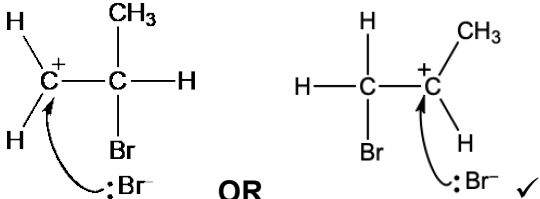
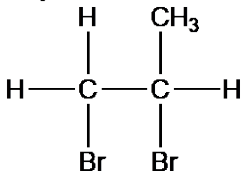
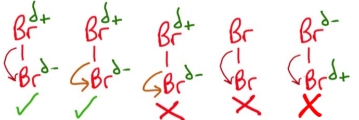

SECTION B

Question		Answer				Marks	AO element	Guidance
21	(a)	Shell	1st shell	2nd shell	3rd shell	1	1.1	
		Electrons	2	8	18			
		Requires all 4 numbers to be correct ✓						
	(b)	Differences: (Different number of) neutrons ✓ Similarities: (Same number of) protons AND electrons ✓				2	1.1×2	IGNORE different masses/mass numbers throughout <i>(Question asks for atomic structures)</i> ALLOW 'amount' for 'number' ALLOW 'electron configuration' for electrons
	(c)	(i)	FIRST CHECK ANSWER ON THE ANSWER LINE If answer = 35.48 (to 2 DP) award 2 marks $\frac{(35 \times 75.76) + (37 \times 24.24)}{100} \text{ OR } 35.4848 \text{ OR } 35.485 \checkmark$ = 35.48 (to 2 DP) ✓			2	1.2×2	For 1 mark: ALLOW ECF → to 2 DP if: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • %s used with wrong isotopes ONCE OR <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • transposed decimal places for ONE % AND <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • calculated A_r is between 35 and 37
	(c)	(ii)	$m/z = 72: {}^{35}\text{Cl}{}^{37}\text{Cl}$ OR Contains chlorine-35 AND chlorine-37 ✓ m/z values: 70 AND 74 ✓			2	3.1 3.2	

Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
24	(a)	<p>FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = -46 (kJ mol^{-1}) award 3 marks</p> <p>Use of $\Delta_c H$ values and balancing numbers $\pm (+180 + (3 \times -286))$ OR ± 678 AND $\pm (2 \times -293)$ OR ± 586 seen anywhere ✓</p> <p>Correct subtraction using ΔH $(-678) - (-586)$ $= -92$ (kJ mol^{-1}) ✓</p> <p>Calculation of $\Delta_f H(\text{NH}_3)$ formation $\Delta_f H(\text{NH}_3) = \frac{-92}{2} = -46$ (kJ mol^{-1}) ✓</p>	3	2.6 × 3	<p>FULL ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED</p> <p>ALLOW ECF throughout</p> <p>COMMON ERRORS</p> <p>-92 omission of $\div 2$ for $\Delta_f H(\text{NH}_3)$ 2 marks $(+)$46 Incorrect subtraction 2 marks $(+)$92 Incorrect subtraction & no $\div 2$ 1 mark</p> <p>-385 no $\times 2$ for -293 and no $\div 2$ 1 mark -192.5 no $\times 2$ for -293 2 marks</p> <p>$(+)$480 no $\times 3$ for -286 and no $\div 2$ 1 mark $(+)$240 no $\times 3$ for -286 2 marks</p> <p>$(+)$187 no $\times 3$ for -286 AND no $\times 2$ for -293 AND no $\div 2$ 1 mark</p> <p>$(+)$93.5 no $\times 3$ for -286 AND no $\times 2$ for -293 2 marks</p>
	(b)	<p>Boltzmann distribution (seen anywhere) 2 marks</p>  <p>Curve Curve starts close to origin (ALLOW flexibility) AND curve does not touch x axis at high energy ✓</p> <p>Labels (Number of) molecules/particles AND Energy ✓</p>	5	1.1 × 2	<p>FULL ANNOTATIONS THROUGHOUT</p> <p>NOTE: Look for marking criteria within annotations on Boltzmann distribution diagram</p> <p>IGNORE slight inflexion on the curve IGNORE small increase at end of curve For labels, ALLOW kinetic energy IGNORE number of atoms IGNORE enthalpy for energy</p>

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
	<p>Curves for two temperatures 1 mark</p>  <p>Catalyst and activation energy 1 mark</p>  <p>Molecules and activation energy, E_a 1 mark</p> <p>Explanation At higher temperature OR in presence of catalyst</p> <p>More molecules/particles/collisions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • have energy above activation energy OR have enough energy to overcome E_a ✓ <p><i>Could be shown on diagram(s) using shaded area with annotations</i></p>		1.2×3	<p>Temperature Drawing of two labelled curves AND higher temperature peak at higher energy AND lower on molecules IGNORE curves meeting at higher energy</p> <p>Higher temperature curve must cross over</p> <p>ASSUME that T_2 is higher temperature than T_1</p> <p>Catalyst E_c shown at lower energy than E_a on Boltzmann distribution</p> <p>IGNORE catalyst provides a lower activation energy <i>Boltzmann distribution not used</i></p> <p>ALLOW more molecules have energy to react</p> <p>ALLOW E_a for activation energy ALLOW E_c for activation energy with catalyst</p> <p>IGNORE more successful collisions OR collide more frequently</p>

Question		Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
25	(a)	<p>polymerisation</p> <p>one repeat unit ✓</p> <p>HBr</p> <p>✓</p> <p>✓</p>	3	2.5×3	<p>ALLOW any combination of skeletal OR structural OR displayed formula as long as unambiguous</p> <p>For repeat unit,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 'side bonds' required on either side of repeat unit from C atoms • DO NOT ALLOW > one repeat unit <p>IGNORE brackets</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IGNORE n <p>ALLOW in either order</p>
	(b)	<p>1st curly arrow Curly arrow from double bond to Br of Br–Br ✓ DO NOT ALLOW partial charge on C=C</p> <p>2nd curly arrow Correct dipole on Br–Br AND curly arrow for breaking of Br–Br bond ✓</p>	4		<p>ANNOTATE ANSWER For curly arrows, ALLOW straight or snake-like arrows and small gaps (see examples)</p> <p>-----</p> <p>1st curly arrow must</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • go to a Br atom of Br–Br <p>AND</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • start from, OR be traced back to any point across width of C=C <p>2nd curly arrow must</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • start from, OR be traced back to, any part of $\delta^+\text{Br}-\text{Br}\delta^-$ bond • AND go to Br δ^-

Question	Answer	Marks	AO element	Guidance
	<p>3rd curly arrow Correct carbocation with + charge on C with 3 bonds AND curly arrow from Br⁻ to C⁺ of carbocation</p> <p>DO NOT ALLOW δ+ on C of carbocation</p>  <p><i>i.e. ALLOW carbonium + on either C atom</i></p> <p>Correct product to match mechanism ✓</p>  <p>DO NOT ALLOW half headed or double headed arrows but allow ECF if seen more than once</p>			 <p>3rd curly arrow must</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> go to the C⁺ of carbocation <p>AND</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> start from, OR be traced back to any point across width of lone pair on :Br⁻ OR start from - charge on Br⁻ ion  <p>(Lone pair NOT needed if curly arrow shown from - charge on Br⁻)</p> <p>2.5</p> <p>2.5</p> <p>ALLOW bromonium ion</p> <p>ALLOW any combination of skeletal OR structural OR displayed formula as long as unambiguous</p> <p>NOTE: For a mechanism with HBr, ALLOW all marks EXCEPT for final product</p>
(c)	(i)	2	1.1×2	<p>IGNORE reference to physical properties IGNORE same general formula DO NOT ALLOW same empirical OR molecular formula</p> <p>Differs by CH₂ is not sufficient (<i>no successive</i>) ALLOW differs by CH₂ each time AW</p>

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations)
The Triangle Building
Shaftesbury Road
Cambridge
CB2 8EA

OCR Customer Contact Centre

Education and Learning

Telephone: 01223 553998

Facsimile: 01223 552627

Email: general.qualifications@ocr.org.uk

www.ocr.org.uk

For staff training purposes and as part of our quality assurance programme your call may be recorded or monitored