



BIOLOGY

0610/33

Paper 3 Theory (Core)

October/November 2017

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 80

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2017 series for most Cambridge IGCSE[®], Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

© IGCSE is a registered trademark.

This syllabus is approved for use in England, Wales and Northern Ireland as a Cambridge International Level 1/Level 2 Certificate.

This document consists of **11** printed pages.

Mark schemes will use these abbreviations

- ; separates marking points
- / alternatives
- **I** **I**
- **R** reject
- **A** **A** (for answers correctly cued by the question, or guidance for examiners)
- AW alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual)
- AVP any valid point
- **ecf** credit a correct statement/calculation that follows a previous wrong response
- **ora** or reverse argument
- () the word / phrase in brackets is not required, but sets the context
- underline actual word given must be used by candidate (grammatical variants excepted)
- max indicates the maximum number of marks that can be given

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance												
1(a)	<i>any 2 from</i> feathers / beak / wings / hard-shelled eggs / two legs ;;	2													
1(b)	<table border="1" data-bbox="477 317 1232 620"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="477 317 853 367">name of bird</th> <th data-bbox="853 317 1232 367">letter</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="477 367 853 416">pied avocet</td> <td data-bbox="853 367 1232 416">A</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="477 416 853 466">Andean avocet</td> <td data-bbox="853 416 1232 466">B</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="477 466 853 515">common sandpiper</td> <td data-bbox="853 466 1232 515">C</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="477 515 853 564">banded stilt</td> <td data-bbox="853 515 1232 564">E</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="477 564 853 614">whimbrel</td> <td data-bbox="853 564 1232 614">D</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p data-bbox="1328 630 1368 655">**** ; ; ; ;</p>	name of bird	letter	pied avocet	A	Andean avocet	B	common sandpiper	C	banded stilt	E	whimbrel	D	4	4 or 5 correct = 4 marks 3 correct = 3 marks 2 correct = 2 marks 1 correct = 1 mark
name of bird	letter														
pied avocet	A														
Andean avocet	B														
common sandpiper	C														
banded stilt	E														
whimbrel	D														
1(c)(i)	idea of long legs allow them to wade in shallow water ; idea of long beaks to, dig up / catch their prey ; AVP ;	2													
1(c)(ii)	natural selection ;	1	A adaptation / evolution / survival of the fittest												

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance																																																								
2(a)(i)	H ;	1																																																									
2(a)(ii)	bladder ;	1																																																									
2(b)	(ureter) carries, urine/urea, from the kidneys /to the bladder ; (urethra) carries, urine/urea, from the bladder to the outside ;	2	A transports urine for 1 mark only																																																								
2(c)(i)	amino acids ;	1	R if more than one answer																																																								
2(c)(ii)	liver ;	1																																																									
2(d)	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="4">rest day</th> <th colspan="4">race day</th> </tr> <tr> <th colspan="2">water input from /cm³</th> <th colspan="2">water loss from /cm³</th> <th colspan="2">water input from /cm³</th> <th colspan="2">water loss from /cm³</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>respiration</td> <td>400</td> <td>faeces</td> <td>100</td> <td>respiration</td> <td>500</td> <td>faeces</td> <td>100</td> </tr> <tr> <td>food</td> <td>500</td> <td>skin</td> <td>400</td> <td>food</td> <td>500</td> <td>skin</td> <td>1900</td> </tr> <tr> <td>drink</td> <td>1500</td> <td>breathing</td> <td>400</td> <td>drink</td> <td>2000</td> <td>breathing</td> <td>600</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td>urine</td> <td>1500</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>urine</td> <td>400</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total</td> <td>2400</td> <td>Total</td> <td>2400</td> <td>Total</td> <td>3000</td> <td>Total</td> <td>3000</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> ;	rest day				race day				water input from /cm ³		water loss from /cm ³		water input from /cm ³		water loss from /cm ³		respiration	400	faeces	100	respiration	500	faeces	100	food	500	skin	400	food	500	skin	1900	drink	1500	breathing	400	drink	2000	breathing	600			urine	1500			urine	400	Total	2400	Total	2400	Total	3000	Total	3000	2	4 correct = 2 2 or 3 correct = 1 1 correct = 0
rest day				race day																																																							
water input from /cm ³		water loss from /cm ³		water input from /cm ³		water loss from /cm ³																																																					
respiration	400	faeces	100	respiration	500	faeces	100																																																				
food	500	skin	400	food	500	skin	1900																																																				
drink	1500	breathing	400	drink	2000	breathing	600																																																				
		urine	1500			urine	400																																																				
Total	2400	Total	2400	Total	3000	Total	3000																																																				
2(e)	increased volume (of urine) ; (urine is) more dilute/less concentrated ;	2																																																									

Question	Answer						Marks	Guidance
3(a)	action	chronic obstructive pulmonary disease	coronary heart disease	HIV infection	liver disease	lung cancer	3	
drinking alcohol		(✓)		✓		;		
injecting heroin		(✓)	✓	(✓)		;		
smoking tobacco	✓	✓			✓	;		
3(b)	contains nicotine ; addictive / withdrawal symptoms / AW ;						2	
3(c)(i)	woman's blood alcohol reaches a higher peak ; woman's blood alcohol reaches its peak later / slower ; woman's blood alcohol takes longer to return to the original level / AW ; after 12 minutes the woman's blood alcohol is higher than the man's ;						2	
3(c)(ii)	70 ;						1	
3(c)(iii)	20 ;						1	ecf from 3(c)(ii)
3(c)(iv)	differences in size / ref. to enzyme activity / metabolism / genetic predisposition / age / more active liver / AVP ;						1	A different food intake / tolerance to alcohol

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
4(a)	G as first letter ; E D F in the middle ; A as the last letter ;	3	A EFD
4(b)	barrier ; surgical ; chemical ;	3	
4(c)(i)	(infection transmitted) via exchange of (named)body fluids ; during sexual contact ;	2	
4(c)(ii)	AIDS ;	1	
4(c)(iii)	(contaminated) blood transfusions / organ transplants / sharing needles / breast feeding / birth / blood to blood contact / AVP ;	1	R saliva

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
5(a)(i)	pollen (grains) ;	1	
5(a)(ii)	ovules ;	1	
5(a)(iii)	anthers ;	1	
5(a)(iv)	stigma ;	1	
5(b)	<p><i>insect - pollinated</i> petal shape / landing platform / mimicry AW ; colour ; nectar / nectaries ; guideline ; sticky / spikey / large, pollen ; anthers / stamens enclosed ;</p> <p><i>wind - pollinated</i> small / no petals ; exposed anther / stigma ; feathery stigma ; loosely attached anthers ; large quantity of pollen ; smooth / light, pollen ;</p>	4	<p>max 3 from either section.</p> <p>! scent / smell ! any ref to seeds</p>
5(c)	(suitable) temperature ; oxygen ; water ;	2	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
6(a)	(they are) producers ; makes its own food ; ref to photosynthesis ; animals / consumers cannot make their own food / get food from plants ;	3	
6(b)(i)	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 5px; margin: 0 5px;">desert plants</div> → <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 5px; margin: 0 5px;">kangaroo rat / lizard</div> → <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 5px; margin: 0 5px;">snake</div> → <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 5px; margin: 0 5px;">hawk</div> </div> ;	1	R if more or less than 4 organisms given
6(b)(ii)	hawk ; snake ; fox ;	2	
6(c)	<i>scorpions</i> population decrease ; less food ; <i>desert plants</i> population increases ; idea of less predation / less herbivores / primary consumers to eat them / AW ;	4	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
7(a)(i)	chlorophyll ;	1	
7(a)(ii)	palisade (mesophyll) ;	1	A guard cell / spongy mesophyll cell
7(b)(i)	cuticle ;	1	
7(b)(ii)	(upper) epidermis ;	1	
7(c)	<i>xylem</i> water / mineral ions ; <i>phloem</i> sugars ;	2	A other correctly named molecules e.g. sucrose / amino acids
7(d)(i)	stomata ;	1	
7(d)(ii)	carbon dioxide ;	1	A water <u>vapour</u>
7(d)(iii)	oxygen ;	1	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
8(a)(i)	hormones ;	1	
8(a)(ii)	pancreas ;	1	
8(a)(iii)	reduce blood, sugar / glucose, concentration ;	1	
8(b)	blood / plasma ;	1	
8(c)(i)	changing the genetic material (of an organism) ; by, removing / changing / inserting individual genes ;	2	
8(c)(ii)	herbicide resistance / pest resistance / production of vitamins / drought resistance / frost resistance / AVP ;	1	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
9(a)(i)	(male) black (fur) (female) white (fur) ;	1	
9(a)(ii)	bb ;	1	
9(a)(iii)	Bb ;	1	
9(b)(i)	BB and Bb ;	1	
9(b)(ii)	3 (black) : 1 (white) ;	1	